

GOVERNMENT OF ZAMBIA

**ACT**

No. 15 of 2007

Date of Assent: 20th August, 2007

**An Act to amend the Trades Licensing Act.**

[ 24th August, 2007

ENACTED by the Parliament of Zambia

Enactment

1. This Act may be cited as the Trades Licensing (Amendment) Act, 2007 and shall be read as one with the Trades Licensing Act, in this Act referred to as the principal Act.

Short title

Cap. 393

2. Section *two* of the principal Act is amended —

Amendment  
of Section 2

(a) by the deletion of the definition of “ local authority ” and the substitution therefor of the following new definition:

“ local authority ” means a city council, a municipal council or a district council established under the Local Government Act;

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(b) by the deletion of the definitions of “ township ” and “ township council ”;

(c) by the insertion in the appropriate place of the following new definitions:

“ agent ” means a person or business that manages the affairs of another person or business;

“ service ” means any service aimed at final consumption; and

“ trade inspector ” means a person appointed as such by the Minister or a licensing authority for the purposes of this Act;.

3. Section *three* of the principal Act is amended by the deletion of subsection (2) and the substitution therefor of the following:

Amendment  
of Section 3

(2) A person who sells any goods by way of business without a licence or does not comply with the terms of the licence commits an offence and is liable, on conviction —



(b) in the proviso to subsection (1) by the deletion of the word “ appropriate ” after the words “ one - half of the ” and the substitution therefor of the word “ prescribed ”.

7. Section *nine* of the principal Act is amended in paragraph (a) of subsection (1)— Amendment of section 9

(a) by the deletion of sub-paragraph (iii); and

(b) by the renumbering of subparagraphs (iv) and (v) as subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) respectively.

8. The principal Act is amended by the insertion immediately after section *nine* of the following new section: Insertion of section 9A

9A (1) The Minister may revoke a power that is delegated to a Licensing Authority to issue licences under this Act if a Licencing Authority contravenes subsection (3) of section *six*. Revocation of powers of Licensing Authority

(2) Where a power is revoked by the Minister under subsection (1), the Minister may, appoint an agent in the designated Council area or the Council that is nearest to the area where a Licensing Authority’s power has been revoked, to issue a licence.

(3) No revocation of the delegated powers vested in a Licensing Authority under this Act shall invalidate a decision which has been made before the date of the revocation of Licensing Authority’s power to issue licences.

(4) An application that is a subject of consideration of the Licensing Authority which has its delegated powers revoked under subsection (3), shall be valid under a newly appointed Licensing Authority.

9. The principal Act is amended by the insertion immediately after section *ten* of the following new section: Insertion of new section 10A

10A. (1) Every Licensing Authority shall submit to the Minister, a copy of the register kept in terms of subsection (1) within seven days of the end of every quarter. Duty to submit copies of register and annual report

(2) As soon as practicable but not later than 31st January after the expiry of each calendar year, the Licensing Authority shall submit to the Minister a report concerning the licences issued by the Authority during such calendar year.



(3) A Licensing Authority shall require a holder of a licence to provide the Licensing Authority with a tax clearance certificate issued by the Commissioner-General of the Zambia Revenue Authority under the Income Tax Act at the time when the application to renew the licence is made.

14. The principal Act is amended by the repeal of section *twenty-one* and the substitution therefor of the following new section:

Repeal and replacement of section 21

21. (1) A trade inspector who is authorised, in writing, by the Minister or a Licensing Authority may, on the production of evidence of the trade inspector's identity to any person requiring it —

Entry on premises and production of licences

- (a) at any reasonable time, enter any premises where goods are being sold and require any person in charge of such premises to produce the licence issued in respect of such premises for inspection;
- (b) require any person selling goods as a hawker or a pedlar to produce a licence authorising such sale for inspection; or
- (c) require any person referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) to give such information as the inspector may reasonably require to enable the inspector to ascertain whether the provisions of this Act are being complied with.

(2) Where in the course of an inspection under subsection (1), a person is found to be trading in a shop, or to be selling goods as a hawker or pedlar, without a licence, the trade inspector may close down the shop in which the trade is being conducted or confiscate the goods being sold by the hawker or pedlar, as the case may be, and require the seller, hawker or pedlar to present oneself at the offices of the Licensing Authority.

(3) Any licence holder, or any person referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection (1), who —

- (a) fails to produce a licence upon being lawfully required to do so under subsection (1); or
- (b) hinders or obstructs an authorised person acting under subsection (1);



(7) Where a company is convicted of an offence under this section, every director and senior officer of the company shall, on conviction, be liable as if such director or senior officer had personally committed the offence, unless the director or senior officer proves to the satisfaction of the court that the act constituting an offence under this section, was done without the knowledge, consent or connivance of that director or senior officer, or that the director or senior officer took sufficient steps to prevent the commission of the offence.

(8) For the purposes of this section, “fronting” includes an act where a person holds out as being a *defacto* director or shareholder in a company in order to hide the true identity of the director or shareholder of that company.

18. The principal Act is amended by the repeal of the Schedule.

Repeal of  
Schedule

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